



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR, LTD



AO8830

Common-Drain Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

The AO8830/L uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 1.8V while retaining a 12V $V_{GS(MAX)}$ rating. This device is suitable for use as a uni-directional or bi-directional load switch, facilitated by its common-drain configuration. AO8830 and AO8830L are electrically identical.

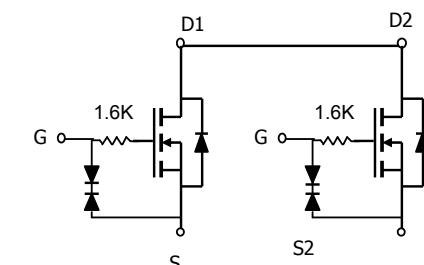
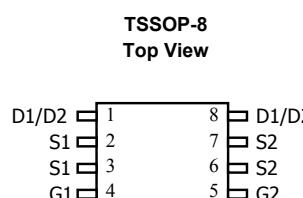
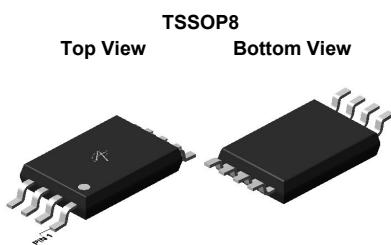
-RoHS Compliant

-AO8830L is Halogen Free

Features

V_{DS} (V) = 20V
 I_D = 6 A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 27m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 30m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 37m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 3.1V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 41m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 2.5V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 55m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 1.8V)

ESD PROTECTED!



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current ^A	I_D	6	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		4.8	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	30	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_D	1.5	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		0.94	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	64	83	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		115	140	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	70	85	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	20			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=16\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		1		μA
		$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5		
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 10\text{V}$			10	
BV_{GSO}	Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, I_G=\pm 250\mu\text{A}$	± 12			V
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=1\text{mA}$	0.5	0.6	1	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$	16	22	27	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		31		
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$	19	25	30	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=3.1\text{V}, I_D=4\text{A}$	22	30	37	
		$V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=4\text{A}$	25	32	41	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$	32	42	55	$\text{m}\Omega$
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		290		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			120		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			40		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.6		k Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		5.2		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			2.1		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1.9		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, R_L=1.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		280		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			972		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			2.35		μs
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.2		μs
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{GS}=-9\text{V}$		25		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{GS}=-9\text{V}$		8		nC

A: The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current and power rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{BJL} and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6, 12, 14 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 4: Oct 2008

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

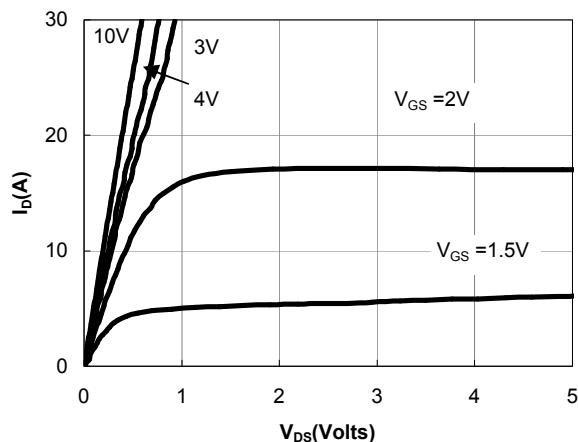


Figure 1: On-Regions Characteristics

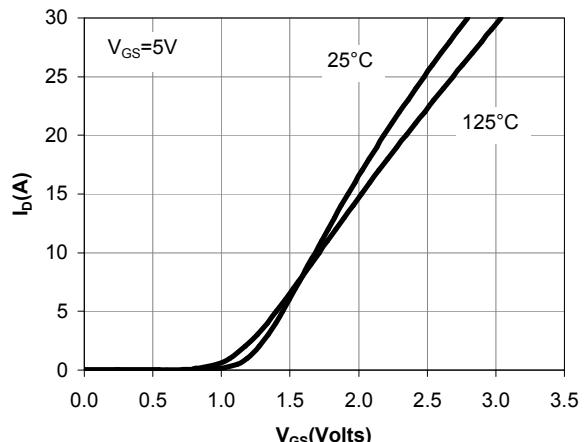


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

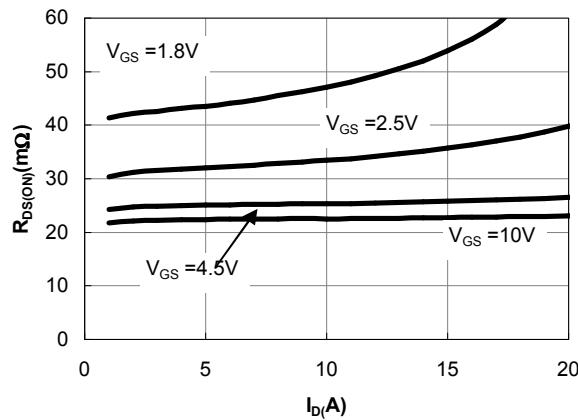


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

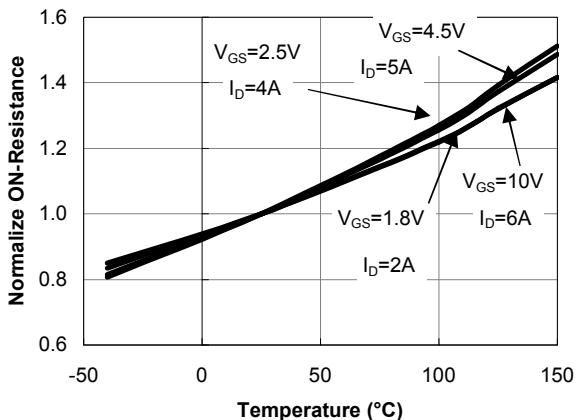


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

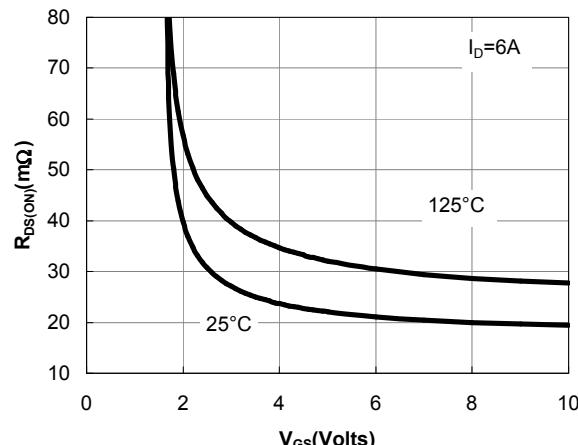


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

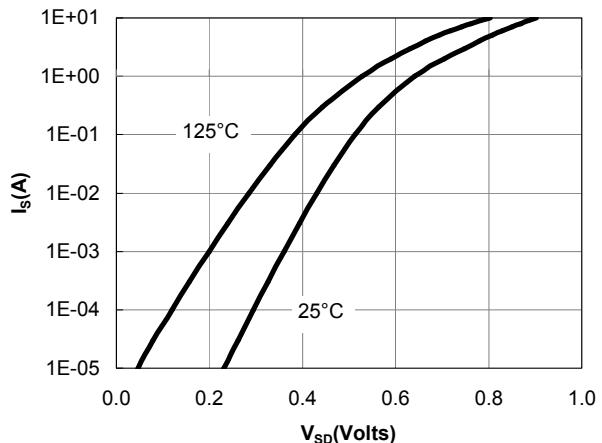
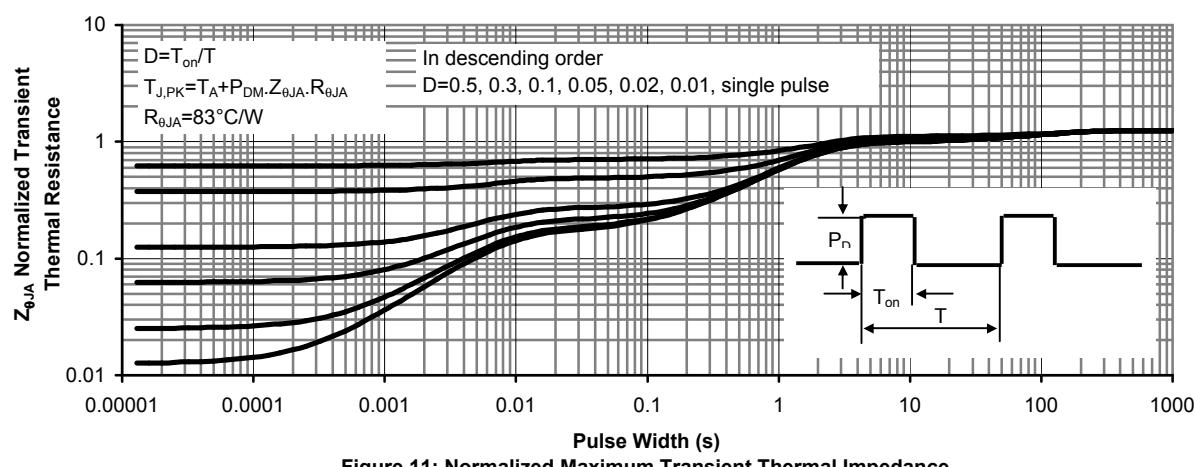
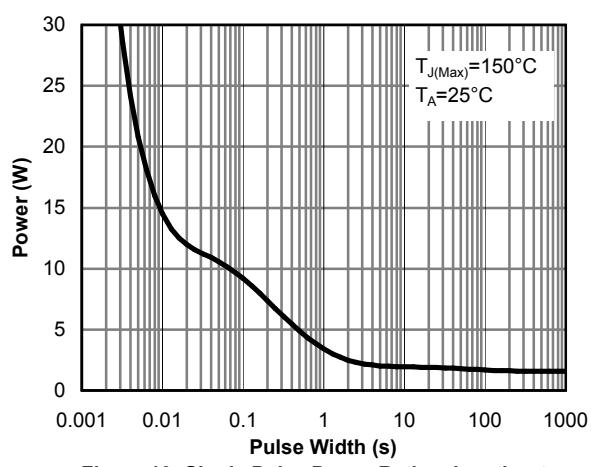
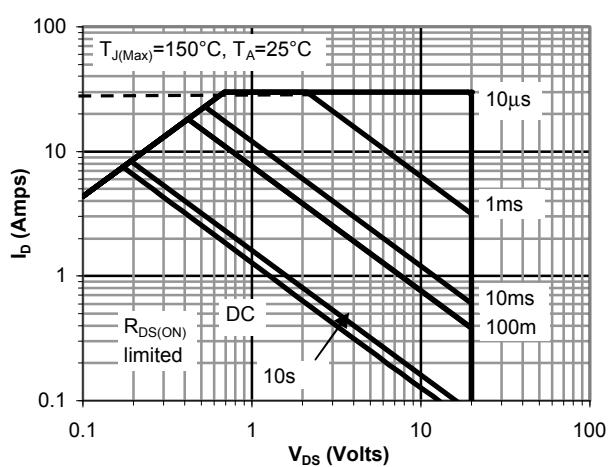
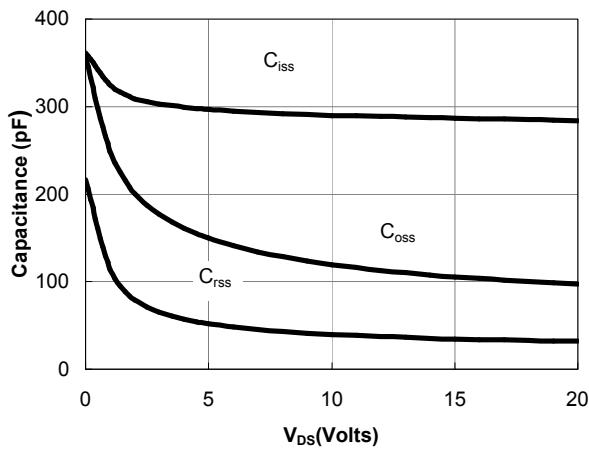
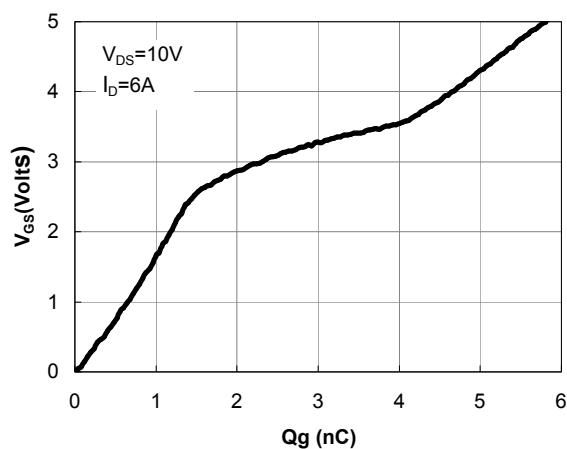
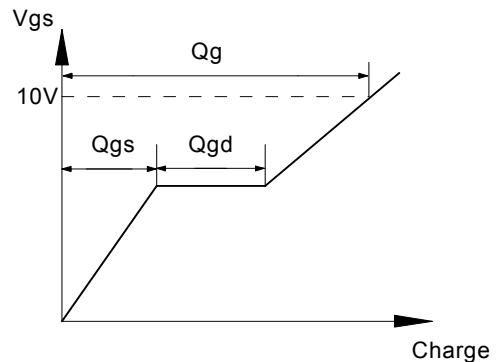
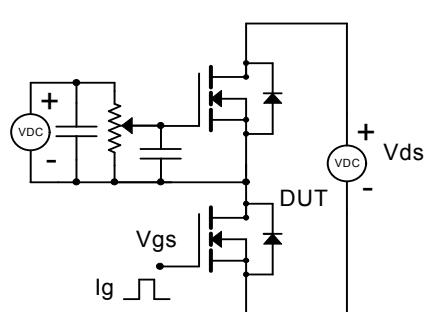


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

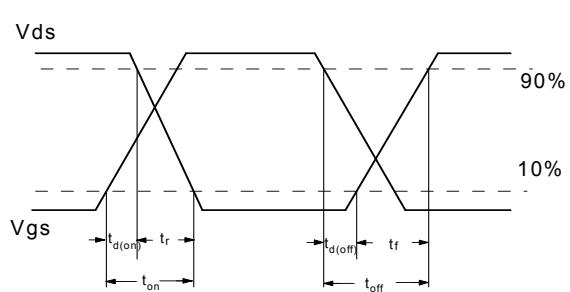
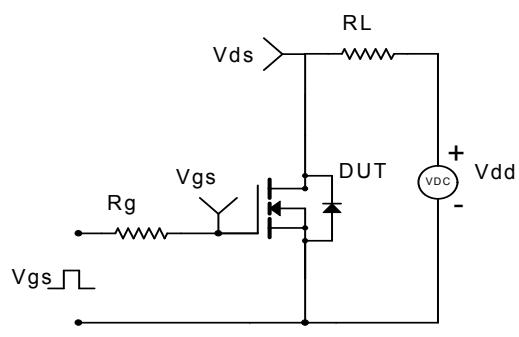
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

